



Grimsdyke School Behaviour Policy

Written By:	Headteacher
Approved By:	Governing Body
Last reviewed on:	June 2025
Next review on:	June 2026

At Grimsdyke School we aim to promote positive behaviour, within a safe and caring environment which supports the emotional health and well-being of all members of our community. This will in turn provide an environment where learning develops based on the needs of the individual.

Behaviour at Grimsdyke School is based on a clear set of high expectations and the development of “charters”. All staff are required to support these expectations and “charters”. Expectations of behaviour are underpinned by the key vision of – All stakeholders acting respectfully with courtesy, consideration and good manners towards each other at all times.

At Grimsdyke School we provide experiences where children develop the skills to:

- be effective and successful learners
- make and sustain friendships
- deal with and resolve conflict effectively and fairly
- solve problems with others or by themselves
- manage strong feelings such as frustration, anger and anxiety
- recover from setbacks and persist in the face of difficulties
- work and play cooperatively
- compete fairly and win and lose with dignity and respect for competitors
- recognise and stand up for their rights and the rights of others
- understand and value the differences between people, respecting the right of others to have beliefs and values different from their own

Rights and Responsibilities

Staff pupils and parents/carers have the right to be treated with respect and have the responsibility to behave respectfully to others.

All Staff should (Teaching Standard 7/ Teaching Assistant Competency 7):

- have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the school’s behaviour policy
- have high expectations of behaviour, and establish a framework for discipline with a range of strategies, using praise, sanctions and rewards consistently and fairly
- manage classes effectively, using approaches which are appropriate to pupils’ needs in order to involve and motivate them
- maintain good relationships with pupils, exercise appropriate authority, and act decisively when necessary.

All pupils are expected to:

- behave respectfully to others
- be organised with the correct equipment/kit for lessons and activities
- complete home learning tasks to the best of their ability and on time
- behave in a manner that allows others to learn
- behave in a way which keeps themselves and others safe
- ask for help if they need it and tell a member of staff if they are worried or unhappy
- treat own, others and school property with respect
- follow agreed class and school charters

Parents/carers should:

- ensure that children attend school regularly
- ensure that children are punctual and ready to begin lessons on time and properly equipped
- support staff in implementation of all school policies
- ensure children attend school in good health, regularly and punctually.
- support the school's efforts to teach their child respect for others, their property and environment
- provide prompt explanations of all absences through a note or telephone call to the office
- be prepared to work in partnership with the school to support the school's behaviour policy
- keep the school aware of any concerns or problems which might affect the child's learning or behaviour
- be prepared to accept that their child's viewpoint may not always represent an entire incident or event.

Social and emotional skills are explicitly taught through PSHCE, Circle time and assemblies to ensure that all pupils are supported in knowing the school's expectations and which behaviours are appropriate.

MANAGING AND RECORDING BEHAVIOUR:

At Grimsdyke School we have a structured system to manage, record, reward and sanction or respond to incidents of pupils' behaviour. This system is underpinned by the "class charter" which all of the students in the class are involved in developing and therefore must "buy in to".

All classrooms have their class charter along with a 'Merits and Commendations' chart prominently displayed and consistently adhered to by all staff and pupils. These charts take the form of a set of sections for recording progress through a graduated response to positive social and academic behaviour as well as information about the consequences of any inappropriate behaviour.

Teachers must keep a record of the certificates (e.g. bronze, silver, gold etc.) awarded to individual children and the dates they were achieved. This is tracked in the school electronic assessment system – Arbor. Undesirable behaviour which leads to a child being spoken to or receiving a consequence action must be recorded as a "behaviour log" on Arbor. This log should be completed by the adult who observed the behaviour or is managing the behaviour incident. Class teachers and the Senior Management Team receive notification of this automatically on Arbor. The log will be monitored by members of the School Leadership Team on a regular basis.

PRAISE / REWARDS:

While reflecting on the opportunities for rewarding pupils for their behaviour and attitude to learning all staff must recognise the value and importance of positive reinforcement, even when dealing with negative behaviour. Often students who behave well are not recognised enough and more time is spent dealing with those that don't. By stressing positive behaviour staff will be reinforcing the expectations of all pupils.

1. Use of Merits and Commendations to reward positive behaviour.

The behaviour display within the classroom is used as a visual reminder / encouragement to the students to make positive choices around teamwork, citizenship and learning. These are recorded in individual merit cards to allow for easy monitoring of progress, thus easy monitoring and positive reinforcement of desired behaviours. Each layer achieved results in a reward certificate (bronze, silver, gold etc.) for the individual, this can be awarded at any specific assembly. Once one layer is achieved the child then progresses to the next and at the end of the school year students who have received their gold award earn a behaviour medal from the Head Teacher.

Acknowledgement and celebration of these awards are placed in the school newsletter.

The Senior Leadership Team of the school monitor the progress of students through the different awards to ensure that it is being applied fairly and equitably. Students are able to feedback their reflections on the way the awards are being implemented through the school steering group and their elected representatives.

2. **General Rewards**

- Pupils will receive verbal praise and feedback which must be clear and specific to the person receiving it.
- Achievement certificates will be awarded weekly to pupils from each class during assemblies.
- At appropriate times during the term there will be opportunities to present pupils who demonstrate an excellent attitude to behaviour and learning with the 'Head Teacher's Leadership in Learning Award'.
- Individual pupils and whole classes with an outstanding record of attendance and punctuality will receive certificates and awards in assembly.
- Teachers may also use their own systems for rewarding good behaviour and achievements such as 'Star of the Week', table points, stickers, marbles in a jar.
- Merit and Commendation certificates are awarded at assemblies by progressively more senior staff.

3. **Lunch Time Rewards**

The Playground Charter devised by pupils, and based on the UNCRC Charter, promotes our core values of behaviour. This is prominently displayed in the playgrounds for both Key Stages. All pupils will work together to uphold each other's rights.

Good playground and lunchtime behaviour can be rewarded by teaching assistants with merits that contribute towards the students achieving their bronze/silver/gold awards etc.

Reception students are also rewarded with stickers for behaviours that we want to establish as good lunchtime habits such as eating well, tidying up after themselves and not taking too long in the canteen.

4. **Golden Time**

Pupils who behave well and follow the school expectations and class charters will be regularly rewarded with Golden Time. This takes place on a Friday afternoon for no longer than 30 minutes, it is over to the class teacher as to when this starts. E.g. 2.30pm to leave time at the end of the afternoon for packing up, homework explanations etc. or 3pm when the students are fully prepared to go home. Staff are given the freedom to implement Golden Time as they see fit, this must be clarified with the class. An example of this could be the pupils starting the week with zero minutes and having to earn their time over the course of the week. Golden time activities are organised across a year group and in consultation with the students and should be appealing thus rewarding the students.

PREFECTS / MONITORS

Year 6 Prefects apply for their posts and are awarded a position based on their past behaviour and potential to develop as a leader within the school. They will be positive role models and assist with the smooth running of the school during the day by regularly and reliably performing duties. They will ensure that school rules are adhered to and promote and uphold appropriate behaviour around the school environment. Prefects will also act as mentors for younger pupils and offer help, support and advice. Prefects are trained and supported in this role by regular meetings with members of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT).

PLAYGROUND PALS/ PLAY LEADERS

Year 5 students have the opportunity to apply for the role of 'playground pal' or 'play leader'. Playground pals/ Play leaders support students in the EYFS/KS1 playground by organising games, modelling good interactions and acting as buddy for vulnerable students. Playground pals are trained and managed by the Lead Teaching Assistants with support from SLT.

APPROACH TO INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR

All pupils at Grimsdyke are encouraged to reflect on their behaviour and the choices they should make.

We understand that all pupils may need support to behave appropriately at some point. Our approach is designed to ensure that needs and rights of all pupils are respected whilst providing motivation to reflect on or change behaviours that are a cause for concern.

- Pupils will be warned verbally that their behaviour is a cause for concern.
- Pupils may be asked to discuss their choices or behaviour with an appropriate adult.
- If the behaviour warrants it then a child may be given time out in another classroom or in a quiet place at break times or lunchtimes.
- For more significant issues of transgression, pupils may be asked to miss some of their break, lunch or Golden Time to attend reflection time with Deputy Head or Head Teacher.

There may be times when a child's actions warrant immediate intervention by an adult. These will be when incident involve:

- Causing immediate danger, threat of injury to another child/ adult
- Physical altercation between students
- Exceptional rudeness

- Language, verbal or non-verbal that may be extremely offensive or damaging to the self-esteem of pupils or adults
- Serious disruption to learning

In these cases, the incidents will be investigated and appropriate sanctions agreed with a member of the middle or senior leadership team. Parents will be informed as soon as possible and the type of behaviour, its impact and any sanctions applied will be explained. Where a student has been injured through involvement in an incident in school, the investigating staff member will ensure that they have been referred to the medical room and the first aid policy followed. Staff members should follow the guidance in Appendix 1 that clarifies procedures where first aid and behaviour matters are being dealt with simultaneously.

Use of “Phased Consequences”

If a student is behaving in an inappropriate way or making choices which an adult can see is likely to lead to sanction at phase one – then a verbal warning must be given first.

All phased consequences given are to be recorded in the Class Behaviour Record with clear detail as to why it was given. This is viewed weekly by a member of staff who will follow up on repetitive behaviour when and where appropriate. Students who take heed of this warning and improve their behaviour will be praised for this response.

Phase 1 – any continuous instances of:

- unkind behaviour towards another child
- low level disruption in class
- lack of respect for school’s or others’ property

Consequence: discussion with class teacher and a reminder of behaviour expectations; 5-minute time-out if warranted

Phase 2 – any instances of:

- continuation of step 1 behaviour
- acts of physical aggression towards another child

Consequence: discussion with year group leader; 10-minute time-out or missed break/lunchtime/golden time; parents informed

Step 3 – any instances of:

- continuation of step 1 and 2 behaviour
- serious acts of aggression, verbal/physical abuse, disruption, theft, defiance
- wilful destruction of property

Consequence: Parent(s) informed via letter from phase leader; meeting with phase leader and class teacher; 30-60 minute time out of break/lunch/golden time. The need for a restorative justice approach to an incident will be considered.

Step 4 – any instances of:

- continuation of step 1, 2 and 3 behaviour
- racism
- bullying
- persistent defiance

Consequence: Parent(s) informed via letter from Deputy Headteacher; meeting with DHT; withdrawal from classroom/break/lunch/golden time (1-2 days). The need for a restorative justice approach to an incident will be considered.

Step 5 – any instances of:

- Continuation of step 4 behaviour
- Serious harm caused to another student or to staff member

Consequence: Parent(s) informed via letter from Headteacher; meeting with HT; withdrawal from classroom/break/lunch/golden time (1-2 days); The need for a restorative justice approach to an incident will be considered. For serious or persistent breaches of the school behaviour policy there is a possibility of a fixed term suspension or exclusion.

Students who receive a phased consequence are made fully aware of the position that they are in. At this point, redemption is presented as an option to the student. The phase consequence should only remain in place for the remainder of the day, an opportunity to start fresh must be presented the very next school day.

Use of the restorative justice approach

Restorative approaches enable those who have been harmed to convey the impact of the harm to those responsible, and for those responsible to acknowledge this impact and take steps to put it right.

Restorative approaches refer to a range of methods and strategies which can be used both to prevent relationship-damaging incidents from happening and to resolve them if they do happen.

We consider using these approaches in response to incidents where:

- Protected characteristics are shown through investigation to be a factor in the behaviour incident e.g. race, gender, disability, sexuality
- It is deemed appropriate to support students who need a response to their behaviour that will give them a structure in which to respond differently in future

Where a restorative justice approach is to be implemented – this will only happen after a full investigation of the incident has been completed and any ‘phased consequences’ considered. The process will be facilitated by a middle or senior leader. It may include all or some of the following steps as appropriate based on the age and stage of the students and the nature of the incident being responded to:

- Both/all parties to meet with the staff member individually to talk about the incident, how it made them feel, their reflections since and what they want to share with the other parties involved
- A conference meeting with all parties involved to share agreed points and discuss next steps
- Creation of a restorative plan that records agreements made between the parties involved – this may include agreements, targets and strategies
- Monitoring of the plan to ensure that it is being kept to and is working for all parties involved – targets and strategies may be adjusted if parties feel any aspect of the plan is not working
- Review at the end of the plan or process to celebrate success and consolidate learning

Dealing with unwanted behaviour before it happens

In considering the of potential range unwanted behaviour there are a number of things members of staff can do to pre-empt and address this –

- *Anticipate the behaviour* – beware of the times, places and activities in which this may happen. Stress your expectations at this point. It is always easier to address unwanted behaviour if your expectations have been made clear first.
- *Use non-verbal signals first* – catch the students eye, walk close to them or involve them in your questioning to refocus them.
- *Keep calm* – use a calm but firm tone with the student first. Lose your temper and you will lose your respect.
- *Be fair* – Regardless of the student you must react to the behaviour in the same way with every child.
- *Be clear* – make it clear that unwanted behaviour is unacceptable and the reasons why.
- *Avoid empty threats* – Avoid threatening to do things for which you won’t later implement e.g. the next person that talks will go straight to Mr Sutherland.

- *De-escalation is key* – use the structures in place carefully, if you escalate too quickly all emphasis will be lost and you will need to follow them same route again.
- *Foster positive relationships with children in your class* – make time, particularly early on in the year to establish trust and a rapport with your children through use of circle time, informal class discussions, playing games and establishing class reward/sanction procedures.

INCLUSION, EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY:

The school's behaviour management policy works for the vast majority of our pupils. However, there may be a pupil who does not respond to the usual rewards and sanctions. This child may have a learning disability or be displaying emotional and behaviour difficulties which may impact on his/her educational progress.

In these circumstances the school will implement individualised behaviour management strategies to ensure the safety of all concerned and the effective education of the student and their peers.

The making of a 'contract' or regulation plan by negotiation is sometimes appropriate when the behaviour of a specific child has reached a level where formal, regular contact between the school, parents and the pupil is necessary. The behaviour contract or regulation plan is created in such a way that it focuses on specific behavioural problems and offers ways in which the child can learn to manage their behaviour without losing integrity. It may include accrued benefits for achieving the stated goals. The pupil must fully participate in the negotiation - this offers him/her responsibility and can lead to a heightened sense of self confidence and awareness.

A Pastoral Support Plan (PSP) may need to be created for such a child, incorporating small, achievable targets for improving behaviour. Such plans would be drawn up in consultation with the student, parents, Inclusion Manager, teaching staff, teaching assistants and members of SLT (as appropriate). Support and advice could also be sought from agencies linked to the school. This plan would have similar status to a SEN School Support Plan and a set date for review included in the plan.

Where a student presents with behaviours which could pose a safety risk to students or staff, then an action plan for managing their episodes of behaviour will be drawn up by the Inclusion Manager in consultation with staff and parents as appropriate. This plan will include triggers for the behaviour, de-escalation strategies and clear guidance to staff about how to react. Where appropriate, at this stage, a Positive Handling Plan may also be drawn up in consultation with parents to facilitate appropriate support for a child who may need to be physically supported, held or restrained by members of staff who have been CALM trained. The CALM (Crisis, Aggression, Limitation and Management) approach focuses on using proactive and preventative

strategies to reduce the likelihood of crisis situations. It emphasises the importance of understanding the root causes of behaviour, applying de-escalation techniques, and using physical interventions only as a last resort in a safe, respectful, and legally compliant manner.

Where a student is presenting with social, emotional and mental health needs that are leading to unacceptable behaviour, staff will be asked to keep an individualised record using the ABC format – antecedent, behaviour and consequence. Students may be offered support within school from our learning mentors, through the emotional literacy support programme or other internal or external provision which is available to support a student further.

Grimsdyke has links with a number of agencies which can provide support to the school in implementing its behaviour policy, particularly if any difficulties are encountered:

- Educational Psychologist - available for general advice on behaviour management programmes as well as assessment of pupils.
- Education Welfare Officer (E.W.O.) - home/school links with issues such as attendance etc.
- Children's Centre- referrals can be made following parental agreement.
- The Helix/ Kids Can Achieve – which can be a source of advice and provision for students needing education out of the school context for a period of time.
- ASD (Autistic Spectrum Disorder) Advisory Teacher Service – for specialist advice in meeting the behaviour needs of students with autism.
- Organisations providing mental health support for children including Harrow Horizons, CAMHS (Children and Adolescent Mental Health Services)
- Therapeutic services both through school provision and those external to the school.
- Links to voluntary sector services for specific challenges e.g. Harrow Bereavement Care

The school also signposted families to support through the Harrow Local Offer and the Harrow FIS (Family Information Service).

In some circumstances, it may be necessary to implement a period of withdrawal from usual classroom or school activity in order to ensure the safety of students, provide a cooling off period or to support a student in developing an understanding of the consequences of their actions. In response to a serious incident, or a period of prolonged difficulty, this may be formalised into an internal exclusion where the student has provision made for them at school but they are separated from their peers for a fixed term. Where this is necessary, parents will be informed by the Head Teacher. The Exclusion Policy will be followed should there be a need for a student to be excluded from the school for a fixed term or permanently.

The school will monitor the implementation of the behaviour policy with regard to the impact on students with special educational needs. The provisions for personalisation should ensure that the policy is not leading to unintended consequences which hinder the effective education of any individual or group.

Code of Conduct

At Grimsdyke we aim to develop responsible and caring leaders and learners by encouraging them to respect the rights of others and taking account of their own behaviour in upholding these rights.

The following code of conduct records the behaviours that will make our school a safe and pleasant working environment for everyone:

- Walk sensibly and quietly around the school
- Keep to the left in corridors and on the staircases
- Hold doors open and allow adults to pass in front of you
- Speak quietly at all times inside the school building
- Be quiet going to and from assembly and whilst in the hall
- Put all litter in the rubbish bins and keep walls and furniture unmarked
- Stand silently when a bell is rung in the playground
- Line up smartly and silently to show that you are ready for learning
- Never bring chewing gum into school
- Wear school uniform at all times
- Avoid jewellery of non-religious significance
- Keep to the path when entering and leaving school
- Never leave the school grounds during the school day without the permission of the Headteacher or Deputy Headteacher

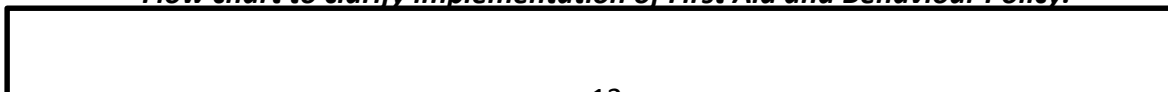
KEY DOCUMENTS TO FURTHER SUPPORT THIS POLICY

- Exclusion Policy
- Anti Bullying Policy
- Physical Restraint and Positive Handling Policy
- Guidelines for Golden / Reflection Time

Appendix 1

Management of an incident between students.

Flow chart to clarify implementation of First Aid and Behaviour Policy.



An accident or incident takes place between two students including physical contact.

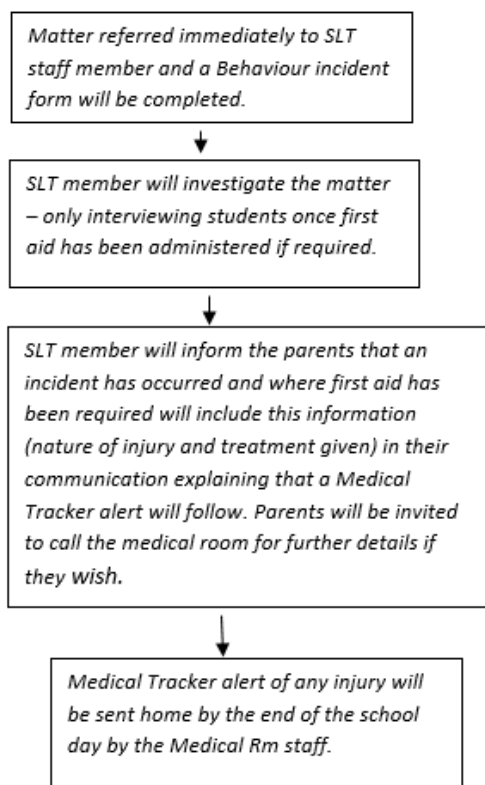
Initial First Aid Response.

First adult on the scene prioritises First Aid – if they hold a first aid certificate and there are no or minor injuries then they will treat using first stop first aid protocol.

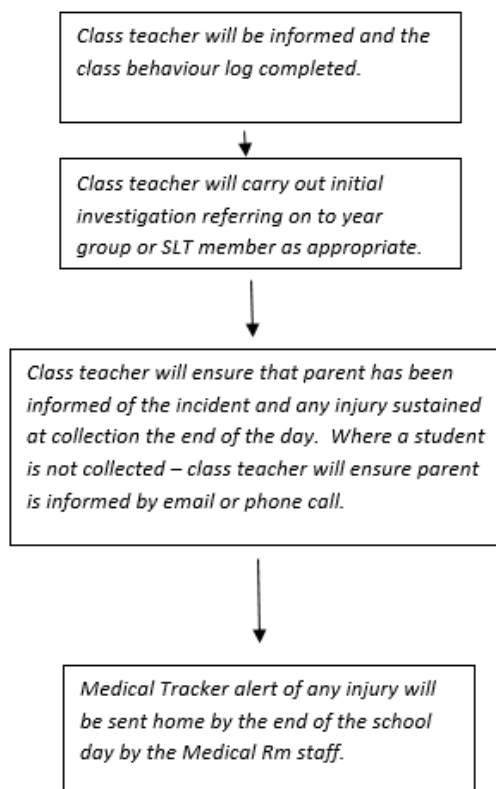
If the staff member is not a first aider – or there are more significant injuries then the student must be referred to the Medical Room. All injuries to head/ face or that are caused by another student must be referred to the medical room. For the most significant injuries – the student would not be moved, Medical Room informed and an ambulance called immediately.

Where the incident was not accidental – an initial assessment in relation to the Behaviour Policy will take place at this point.

Serious behaviour incident.



All other behaviour incidents.









Further information:

- This protocol sets out a minimum expectation – however when it is implemented on a case by case basis, staff may exceed these expectations at any step where their professional judgement indicates this is warranted.

- When notifying parents of an injury to a student, staff may invite the parent in to see or reassure their child. In some cases, the school may recommend that the student is taken home for observation.
- Where a student with additional needs is involved in an incident the response will be adapted to take appropriate account of these needs.
- This protocol is to clarify the interaction of the two policies involved – however each policy should also be implemented in full.

Behaviour Management at Grimsdyke School

<div style="text-align: center;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Aims</u></p> <p>To create a culture of outstanding behaviour for learning</p> <p>To ensure all members of our school community are treated fairly and with respect</p> <p>To build a community that values kindness, respect and tolerance</p>	<div style="text-align: center;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Guiding principles</u></p> <p>Behaviour management is everyone’s responsibility</p> <p>What you permit, you promote</p> <p>Consistency is key</p> <p>Fair isn’t everyone getting the same treatment – but fair does involve everyone’s needs being met</p>
<div style="text-align: center;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Code of Conduct</u></p> <p>Be polite and show respect — say sorry when you need to.</p> <p>Always be honest — don’t cover up the truth.</p> <p>Be a good listener — don’t interrupt</p> <p>Be kind and thoughtful—don’t hurt other people.</p> <p>Look after your own and other people’s property — don’t waste or damage things.</p> <p>Keep yourself and other people safe.</p> <p>Always try your best — don’t waste your time, or other people’s time.</p>	<div style="text-align: center;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Relationships are key</u></p> <p>Praise in public and reprimand in private</p> <p>Firm but fair – we believe in our students and won’t accept anything less than their best</p> <p>Emotionally intelligent responses – support students to move from co-regulation to self-regulation</p> <p>Consistency is essential for trust and compliance</p>
<div style="text-align: center;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Rewards</u></p> <p>Precise praise and encouragement</p> <p>Achievement certificates</p>	<div style="text-align: center;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Consequences</u></p> <p>Redirections and reminders</p> <p>Verbal warning</p> <p>Restorative justice process</p> <p>Loss of time or privileges</p>

Sharing work with others	Merits – and merit awards	Loss of golden time	Internal or fixed term exclusion
Class based rewards – tables points, stickers etc	Leadership and learning awards	Time out	Referral to outside agencies
Golden time	Annual behaviour medal	Record in behaviour book	Permanent exclusion