

Maths - Money

Lesson Sequence

- Counting money-pence
- Count money-pounds (notes and coins)
- 3. Count money-pounds and pence
- Choose notes and coins
- Make the same amount
- Compare amounts of money
- Calculate with money
- Make a pound
- 9. Find change

Vocabulary

- Pound
- Pence
- Coin
- Note
- Total
- Amount
- Change
- Difference
- Price
- Cost
- Pay
- Owe
- Add
- Subtract

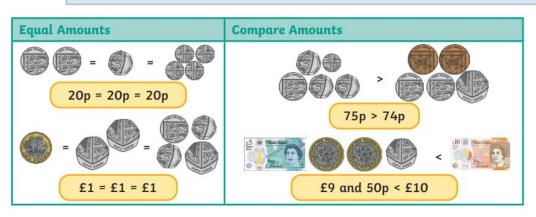
Sticky learning

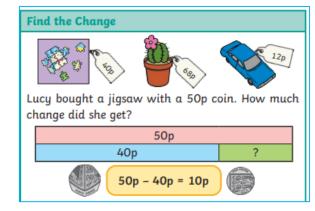
New Knowledge

- To know the symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p)
- To know the < sing means less than
- To know the > sing means greater than
- To know the sign means equals to
- To know the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)
- To know that zero is used to represent nothing or an empty set of things
- To know that zero can be used as a place holder to symbolise the absence of a value in a particular position e.g. In the number 20, the zero represents no ones
- To know and recall addition subtraction facts to 20 fluently
- To know that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative)
- To know that subtraction is not commutative
- To know that there is a relationship between addition and subtraction and we call this the
- To know that the sum of two numbers is the answer you get when you add them both
- To know that when we add or subtract using columns, the place value of digits need to be lined up

New Skills

- To compare and order lengths, mass; volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and -
- To use addition and subtraction facts to 20 to derive related facts up to 100
- To add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations; and mentally, includinge
- a two-digit number and ones
- a two-digit number and tens
- two-two-digit numbers
- To record addition and subtraction in columns

































£10

£20 £50

10 pounds 20 pounds 50 pounds